L'alphabet
Here is a list of the alphabet and the French pronunciation for each letter.

| $a$ | $b$ | $c$ | $d$ | $e$ | $f$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $a h$ | $b a y$ | say | day | uh | ef |


| ${ }^{* * *} g$ | $h$ | $i$ | $* * * j$ | $k$ | $l$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\xi a y$ | $a s h$ | ee | jee | $k a$ | el |


| $m$ | $n$ | 0 | $p$ | $q$ | $r$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $e m$ | en | 0 | pay | $k o o$ | er |


| $s$ | $t$ | $u$ | $v$ | $w$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| es | tay | 00 | vay | dooblvay |


| $x$ | $y$ | $z$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

eex eegrek zed
*** These sounds do not exist in English. It is not a ' $j$ ' as in ' $j u m p^{\prime}$ '. It is more closely to the sound in 'fresias'.

## Some suggestions for learning the alphabet:

* Use flashcards and have them name each letter

Have them learn the order of the letters (before \& after)

Have them put the letters in a random order or starting from the end of the alphabet

* Have them identify each letter in their name or of common words
* Have random letters spread out and have them point at the letter you say (the letters need to be said in French)
* Draw pictures or point at things in the house and have your child name the letter it starts with (make sure they are words your child knows or can learn in French) ie. Draw an apple (pomme), then your child should be able to tell you it starts with the letter ' $p$ '

To make learning more enjoyable, you could learn the alphabet with them, or allow them to teach it to you once they have mastered it!

